



XIII
INTERNATIONAL
WINTER ROAD
CONGRESS

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Québec 

SUSTAINABLE WINTER SERVICE FOR ROAD USERS

Real-time frost depth forecast model for thaw-induced axle load limitation management

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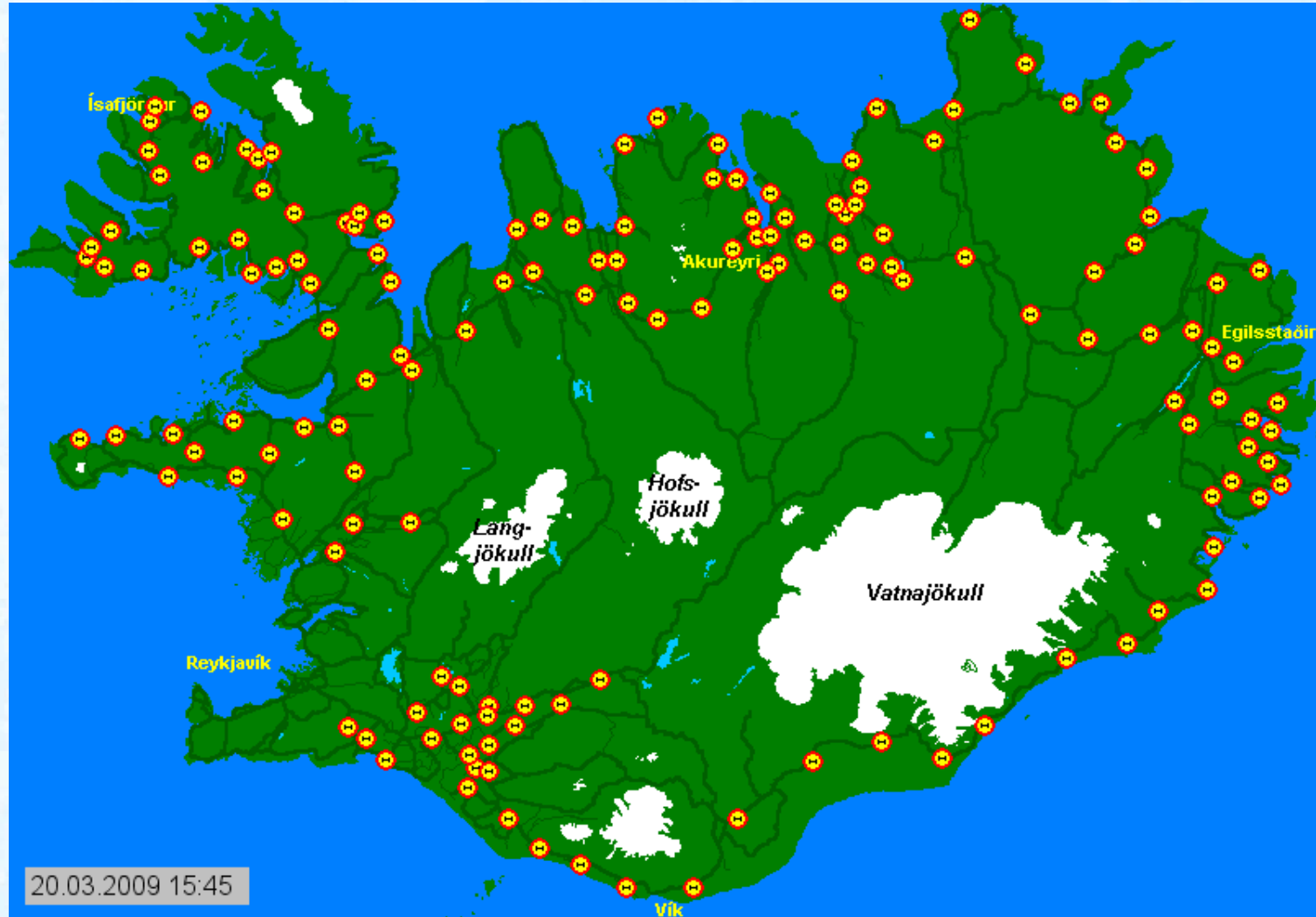
PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- The problem – thaw weakening on Icelandic roads
- Countermeasures
- Frost-depth monitoring system
- Frost-depth prognosis model
 - model description
 - model results
- Model application to study future climate effects

THAW WEAKENING ON THE ICELANDIC ROAD NETWORK

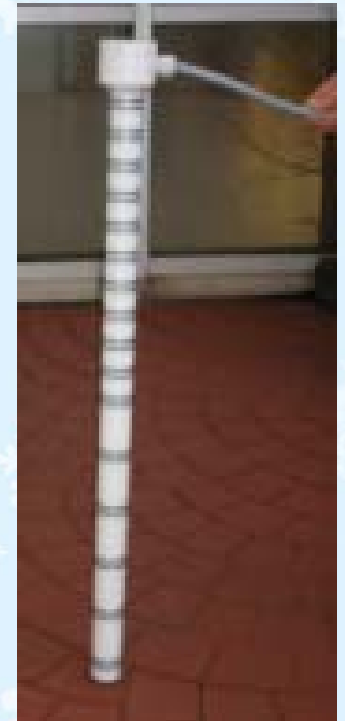
- Reduced bearing capacity during thaw
 - Road sub-base and pavement damage
- Axle load restrictions
 - Normal allowed maximum axle load 11,5 t
 - Restricted to 10 t during thaw
- Increased cost for heavy goods transport
- Since late 1990's, frequent thaw cycles in December through May, up to 4 times each winter
- Most of the trunk roads and secondary roads affected

ROAD SYSTEM DURING THAW PERIOD



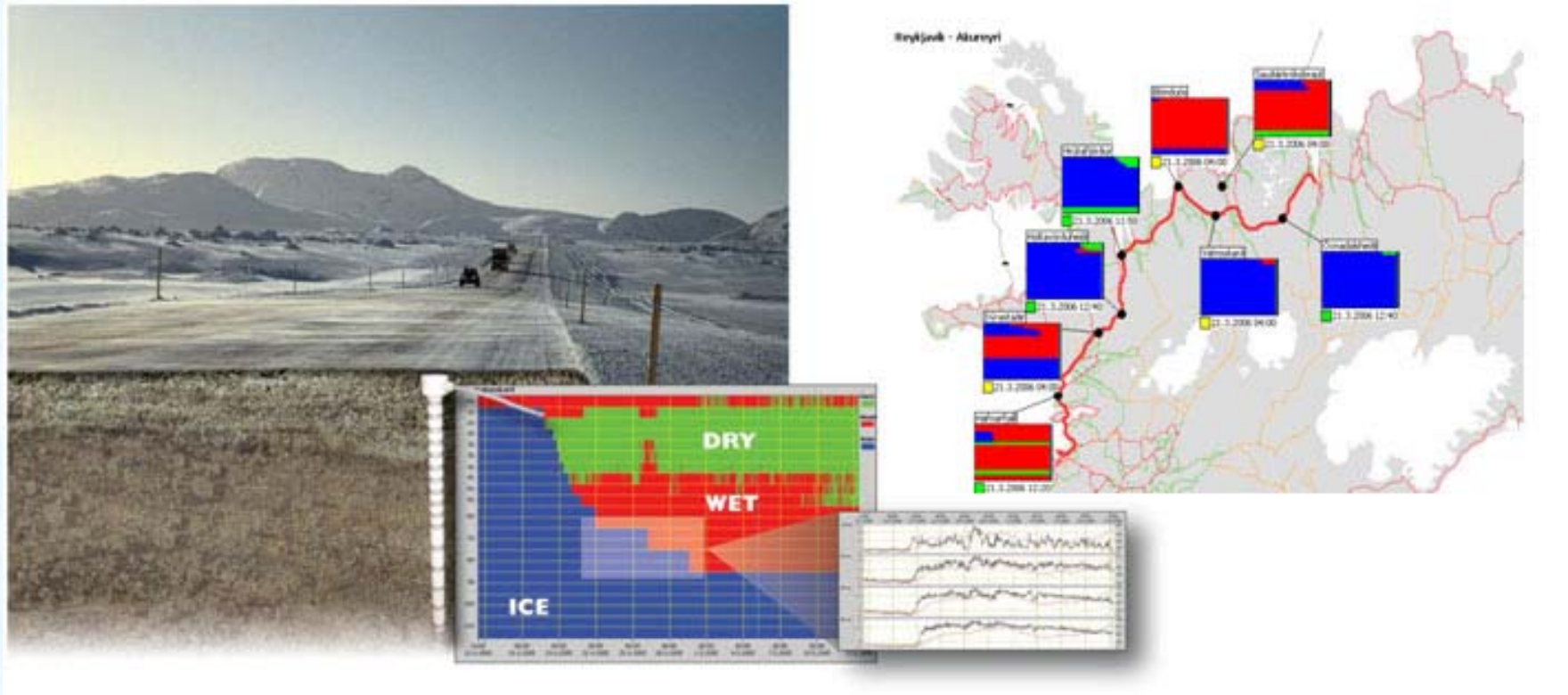
REAL TIME FROST-DEPTH MONITORING

- Measuring device installed in the road sub-base
- Temperature and electric conductivity of the soil
- 16 sensors in the range from surface down to 120 cm
 - 0 – 60 cm at 5 cm intervals
 - 60 – 120 cm at 10 cm intervals
- Real time,
online monitoring



FROST-DEPTH MEASURING SYSTEM

- Real time, online monitoring of frost depth, 40 sites
- Enables announcement of load restrictions the same day
- Correct timing is essential – prognosis needed !



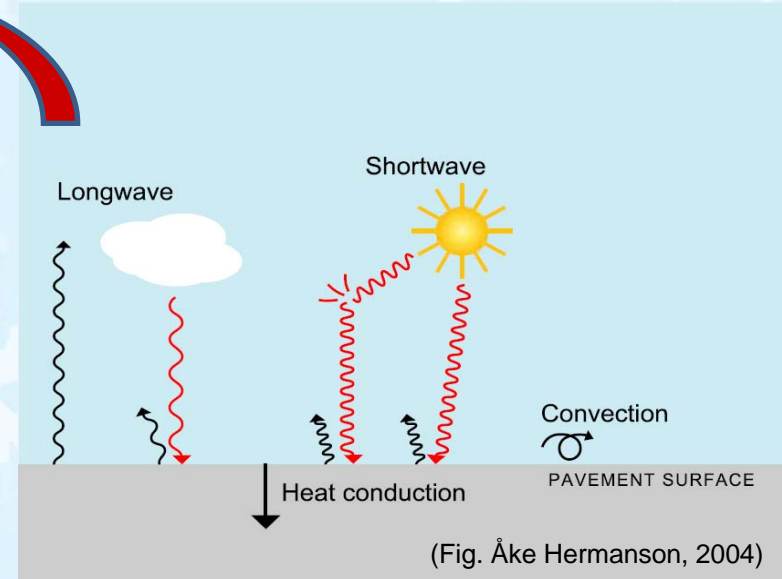
FROST-DEPTH FORECAST MODEL

- Thermodynamic principles
- Uses weather forecast + frost-depth measurement reading
- Calculation with 1 hour time step
- Two physical models are coupled:
 - 1) Road surface temperature prognosis
 - 2) Ice development in the sub-base

Model 1: Road Temperature Prognosis

- Input:
 - Weather forecast
 - Road temperature measurement

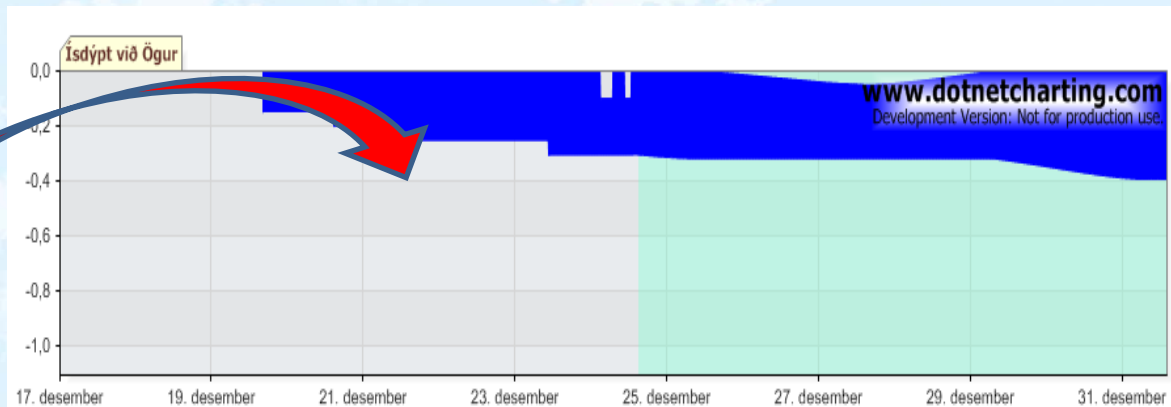
$$\Delta e = S \cdot C \cdot m \cdot \Delta T$$



Model 2: Ice development in road structure

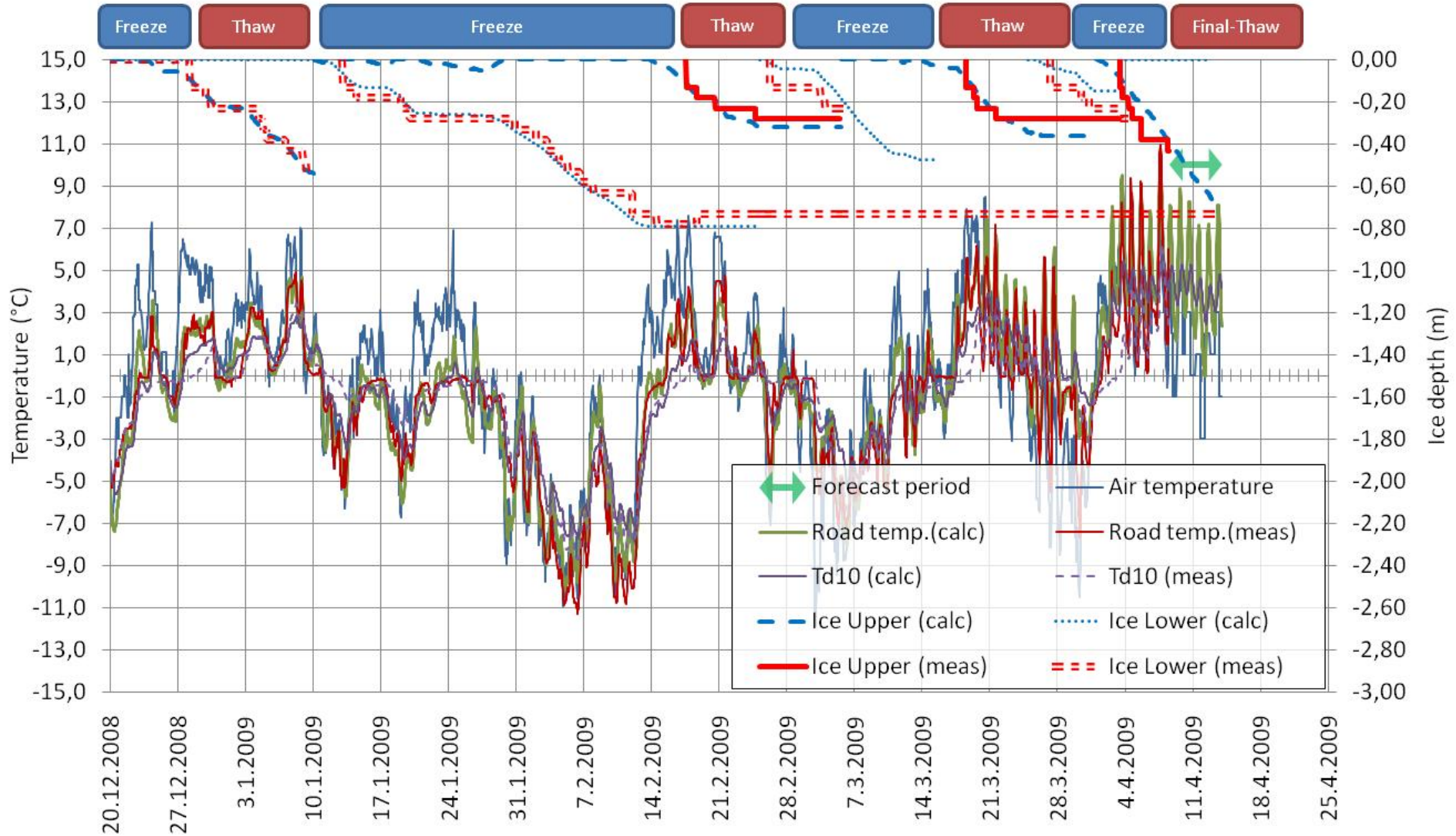
- Input :
 - Frost-depth measurement
 - Road surface temperature prognosis

$$X = \sqrt{\frac{2k}{L} \int v_s dt}$$



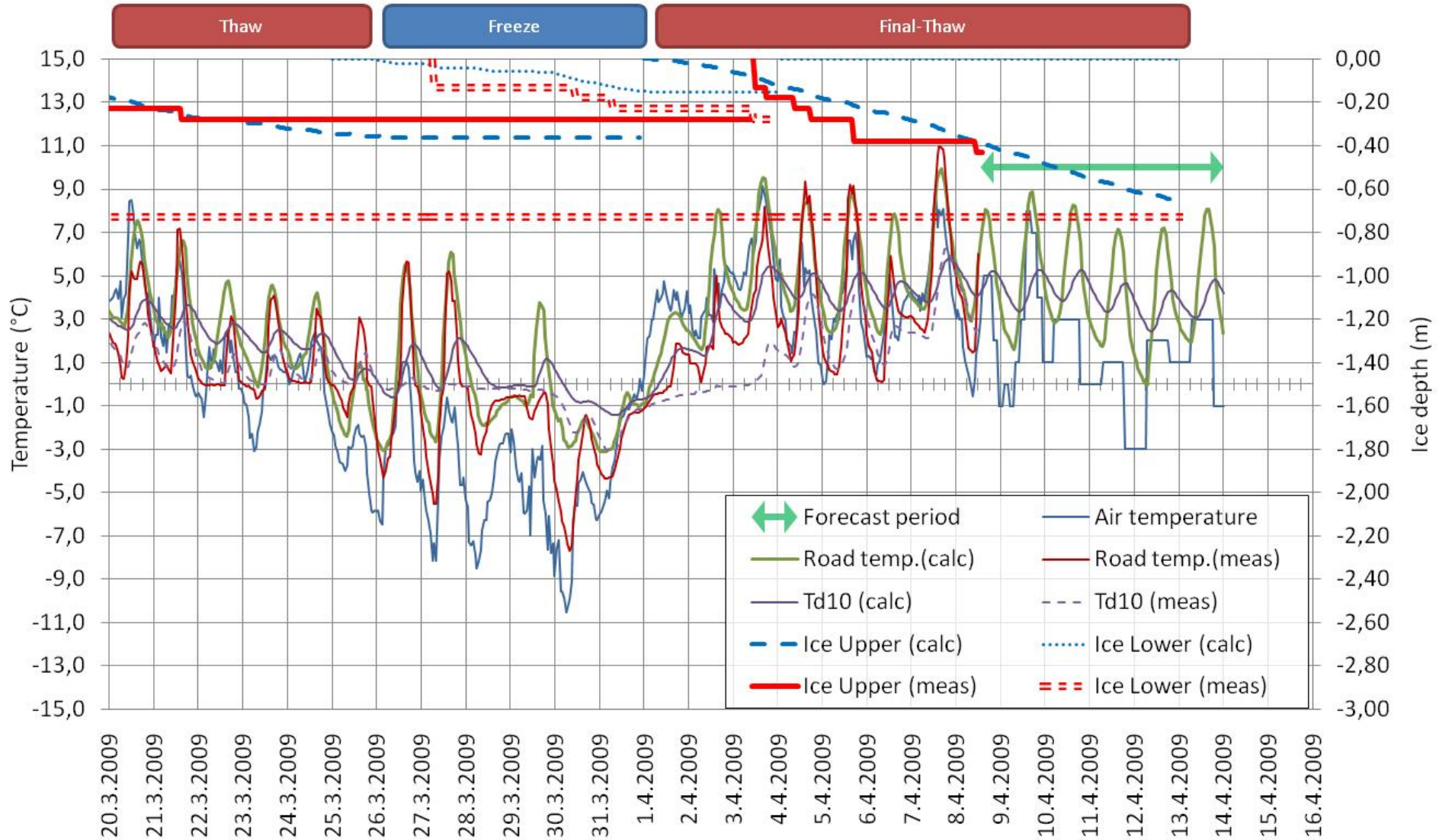
MODEL RESULTS

Road no. 31. Site: Skálholt - Frost depth analysis and prognosins

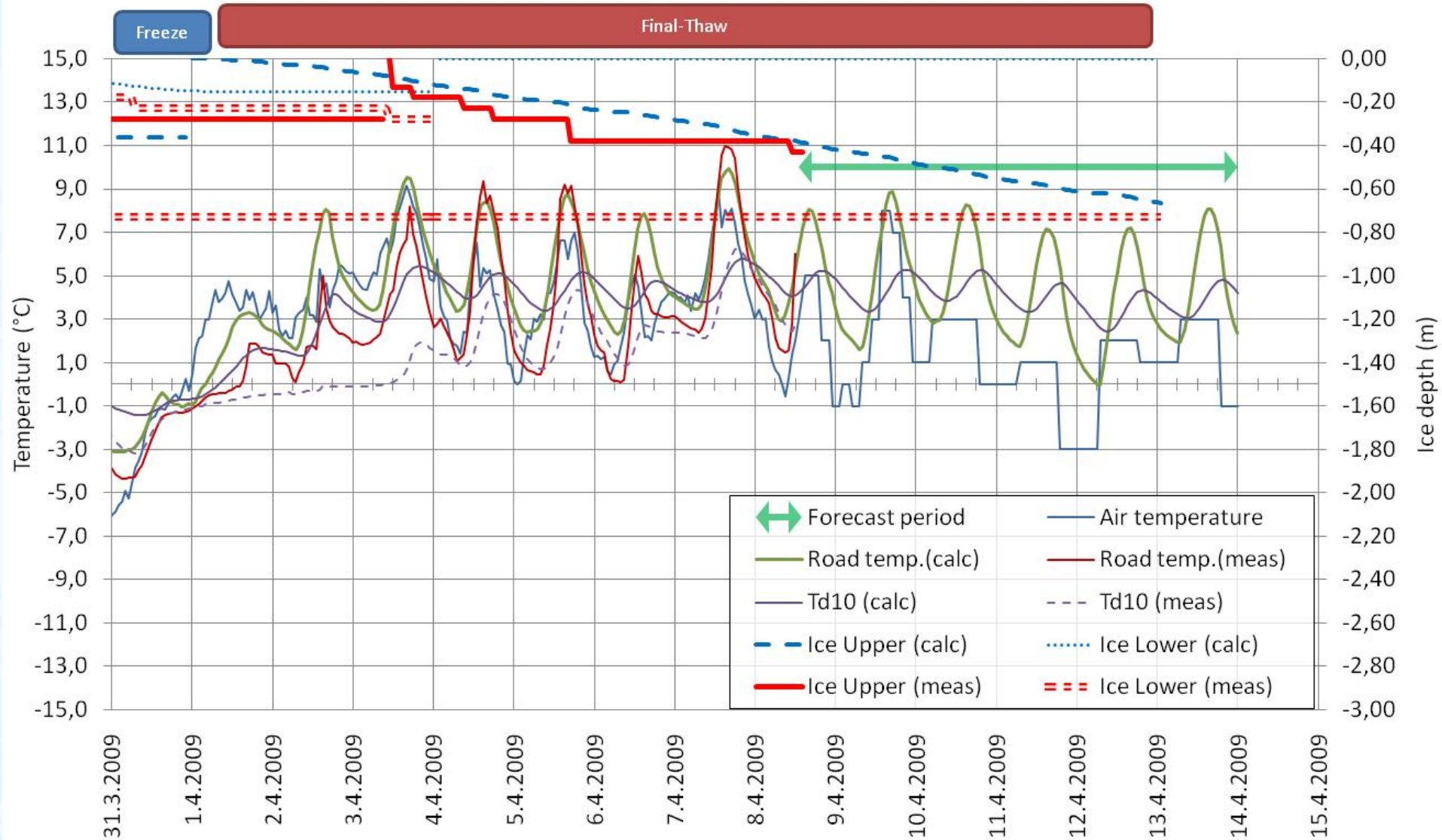


CLOSER LOOK

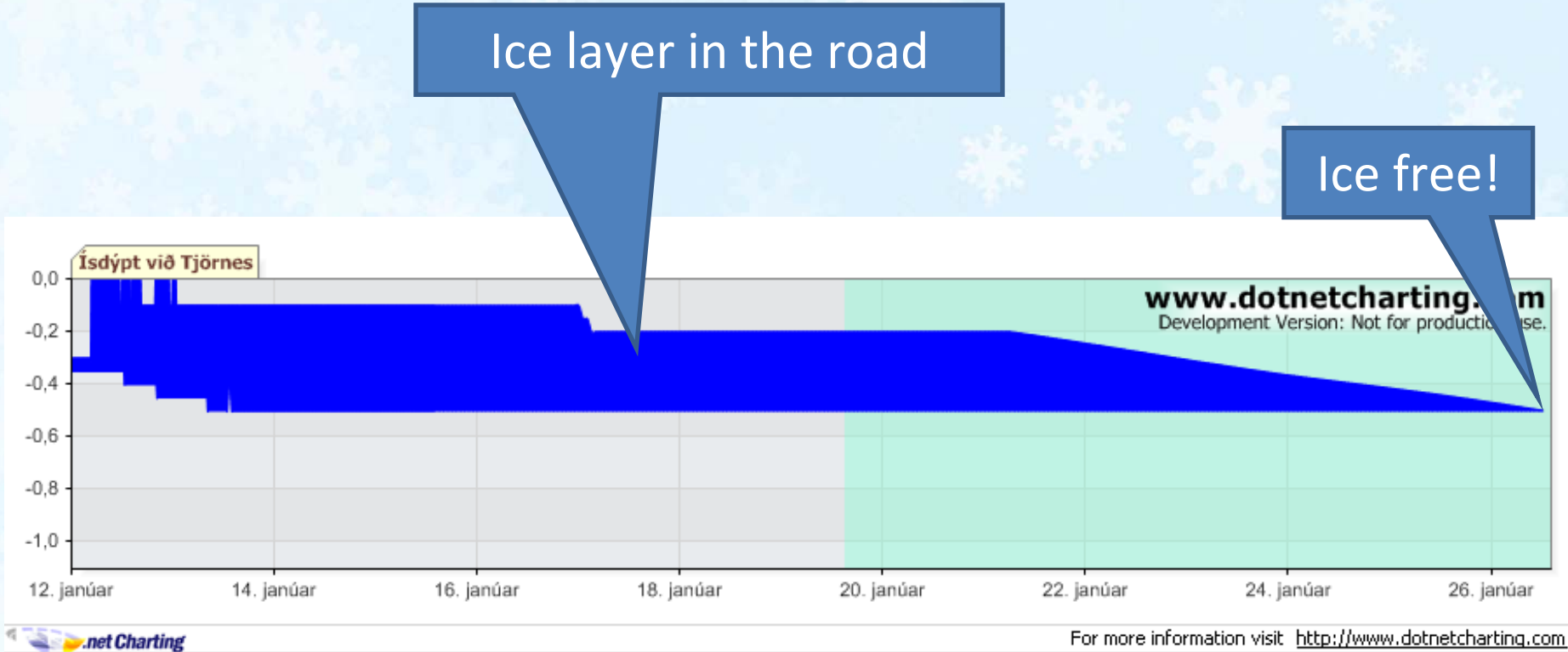
Road no. 31. Site: Skálholt - Frost depth analysis and prognosins



Road no. 31. Site: Skálholt - Frost depth analysis and prognosis



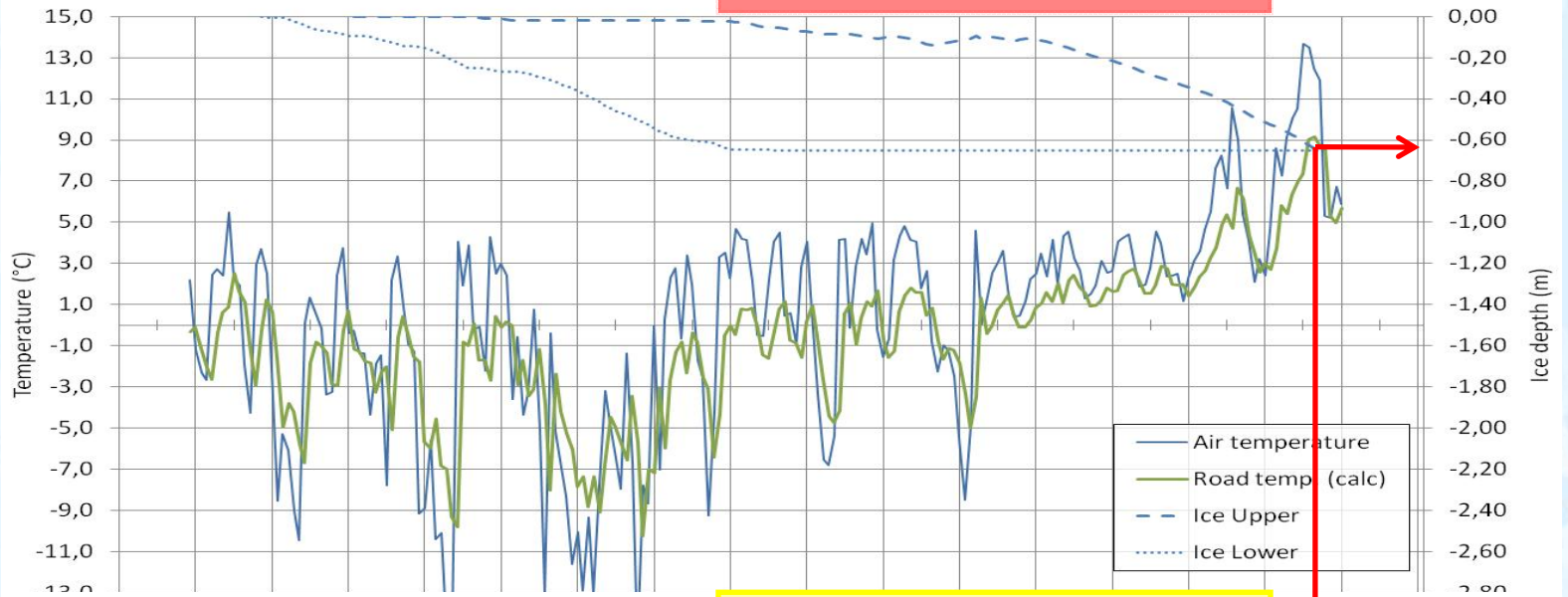
PROTOTYPE, USER INTERFACE



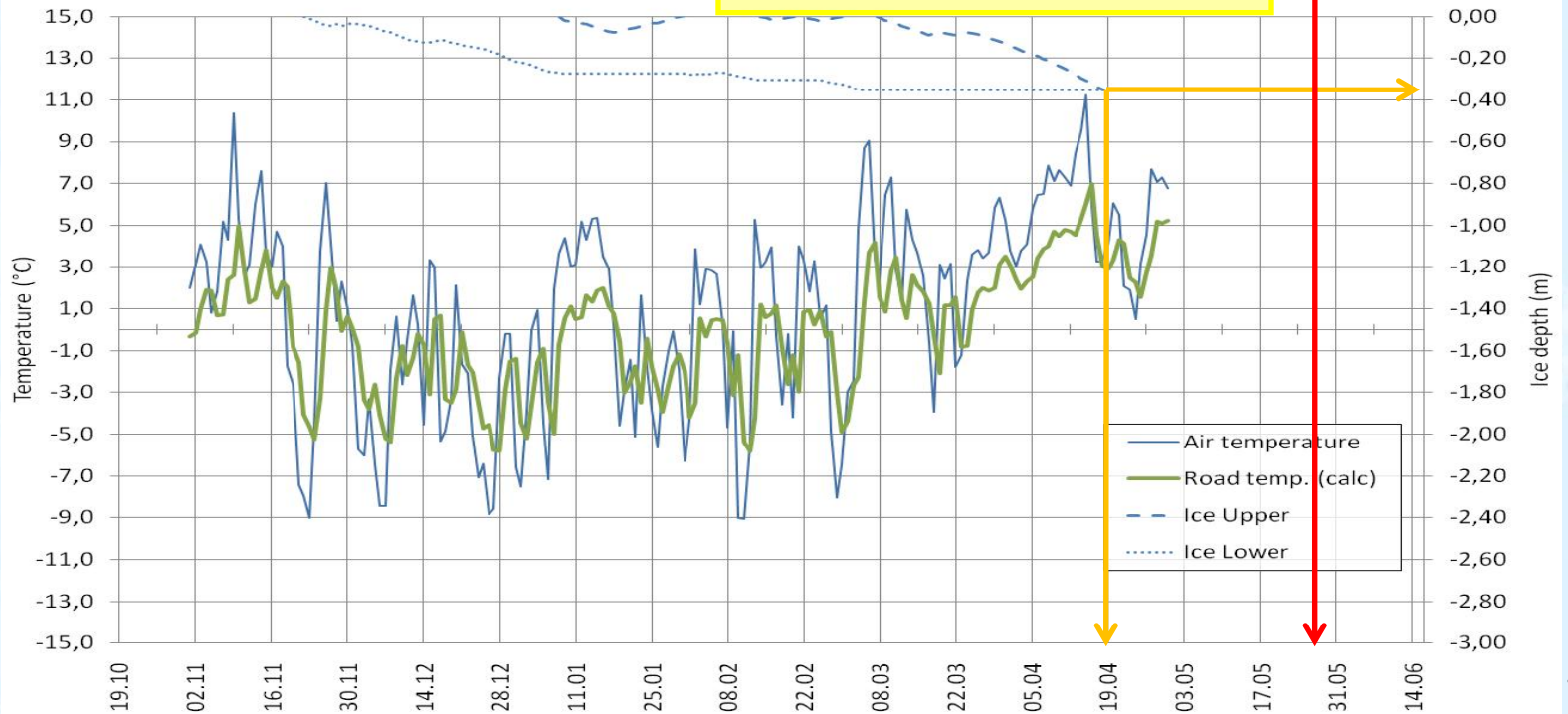
MODEL ADAPTION TO CLIMATE CHANGE STUDIES

- The model was modified to work with 24 hour temperature series (daily mean temperature)
- Applied to downscaled future climate scenarios (from the ENSEMBLES project, EU 6th Framwork Programme)
- Simulated climate scenario for 1991 – 2000 compared to results for 2051 – 2060
 - (IPCC: A1B1 scenario, increase of 2,2°C in the mean annual temperature in South-Iceland by year 2060)

Road no. 31. Site: Skálholt - Frost depth calculation 1991-2000



Road no. 31. Site: Skálholt - Frost depth calculation 2051-2060



CONCLUSIONS

- Using a 5 day weather forecast, the model is capable of predicting ice movements in the road reasonably well
- Software is under development, calibration for 40 sites is under way
- Possible to announce axle load limits 2 - 3 days in advance
- More accurate road management, less road damage, less inconvenience for heavy goods transport
- Possible to study the effect of climate change on ice development in the road structure

Thank you