



XIII
INTERNATIONAL
WINTER ROAD
CONGRESS

QUÉBEC, FEBRUARY 8 TO 11, 2010



Québec 

SUSTAINABLE WINTER SERVICE FOR ROAD USERS

*EFFORTS TO IMPROVE THE VISUAL
ENVIRONMENT ON EXPRESSWAYS THAT
PASS THROUGH AREAS OF SNOWSTORM
AND DRIFTING SNOW*

Toru TAKAHASHI

Nexco-Maintenance Tohoku Co.,Ltd.

Engineer

t.takahashi.sg@e-nexco.co.jp

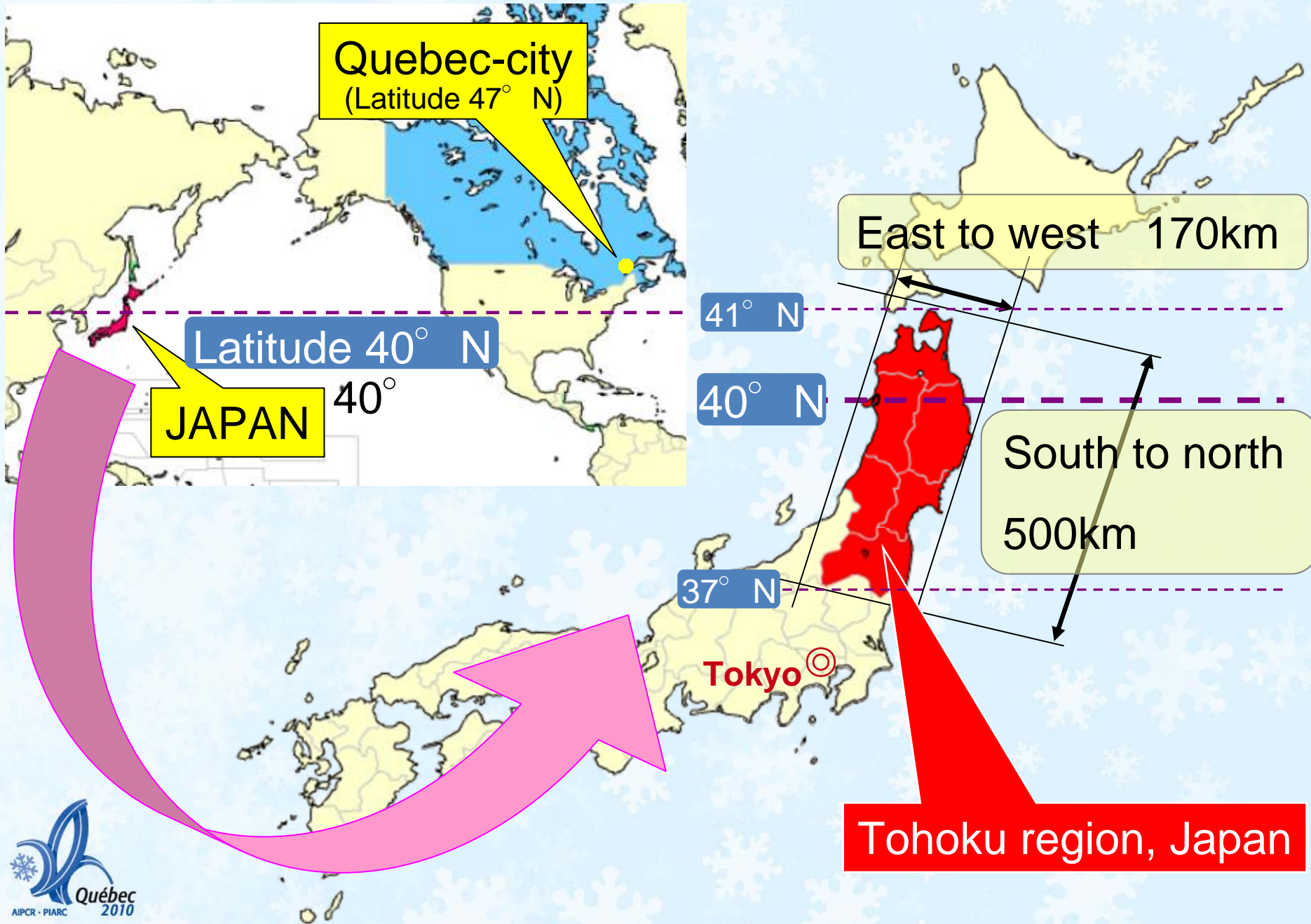


SUMMARY OF PRESENTATION

- Japanese ‘ Tohoku region ’ is a one of heaviest snowfall areas in the world.
- In Expressways, the driver’s visual environment deteriorates due to snow storm, drifiting snow and heavy snowfall during the coldest period.
- I’d like to introduce **3 solutions** and **these effects** that we did for someone who drive in expressway during winter.



LOCATION OF JAPAN, TOHOKU REGION



Quebec-city
(Latitude 47° N)

Latitude 40° N

JAPAN

East to west 170km

41° N

40° N

South to north
500km

37° N

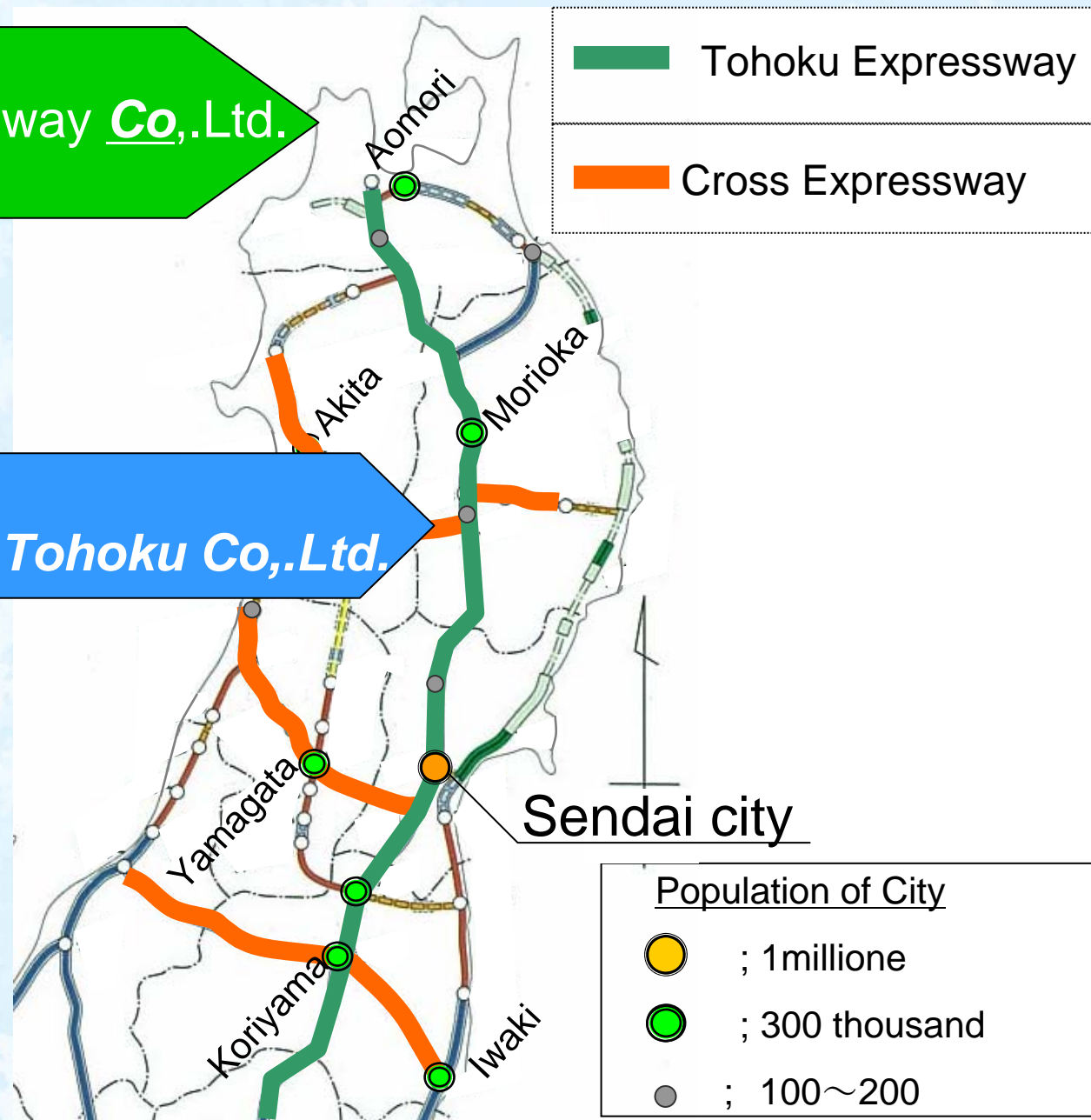
Tokyo

Tohoku region, Japan

EXPRESSWAY NETWORK IN TOHOKU REGION

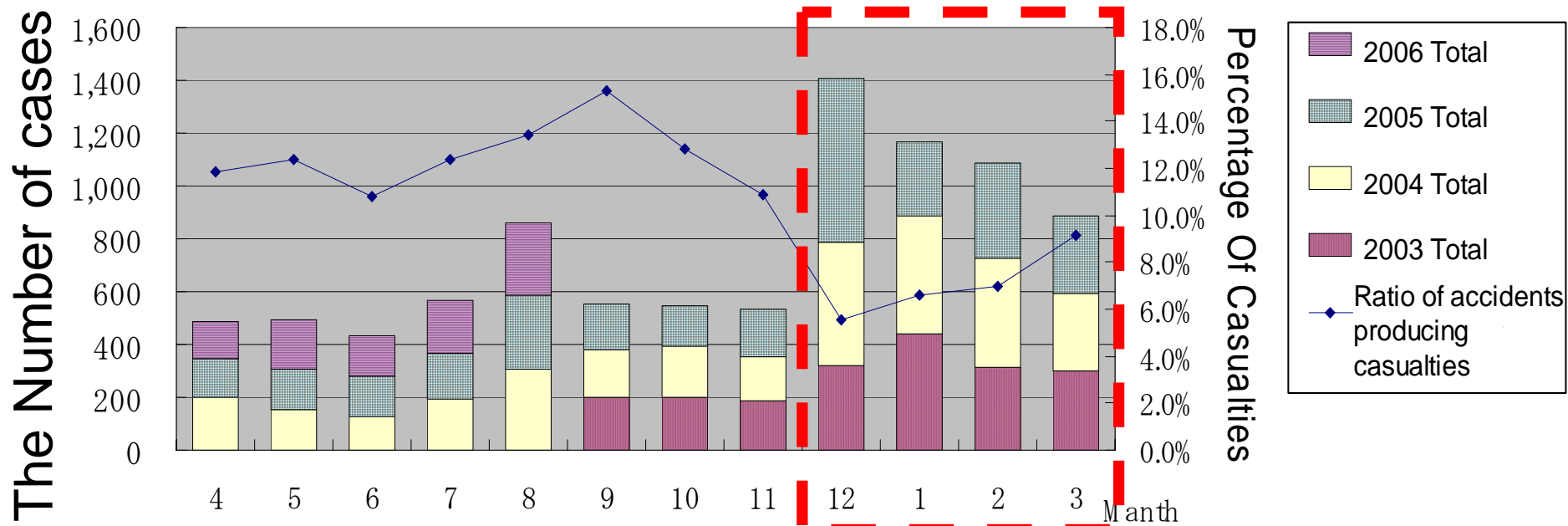
Operation work
⇒ east Nippon Expressway Co.,Ltd.
= e-NEXCO

Maintenance work
⇒ Nexco-Maintenance Tohoku Co.,Ltd.



CHARACTERISTICS OF WINTER TRAFFIC

- ◆ Total number of accidents over a three-year period, and yearly average number of accidents producing casualties.



- There are many accidents from Dec. to May.
- The expressways may be closed to prevent more traffic accidents.
- The causes of road closures : Poor visibility because of snowstorm(40%), and traffic Accidents(20%), Earthquake(5%)

THE MEASURES OF VISIBLY PROBLEM BECAUSE OF SNOW STORM

- ◆ Condition of visibly problem because of snow storm
in limited place



blizzard @440KP, Kitakami-area, Tohoku expressway

- ◆ Snowdrift prevention forest



- ◆ Snow break fence



VISUAL GUIDANCE FACILITIES

① Self-luminous delineators



Power cable type

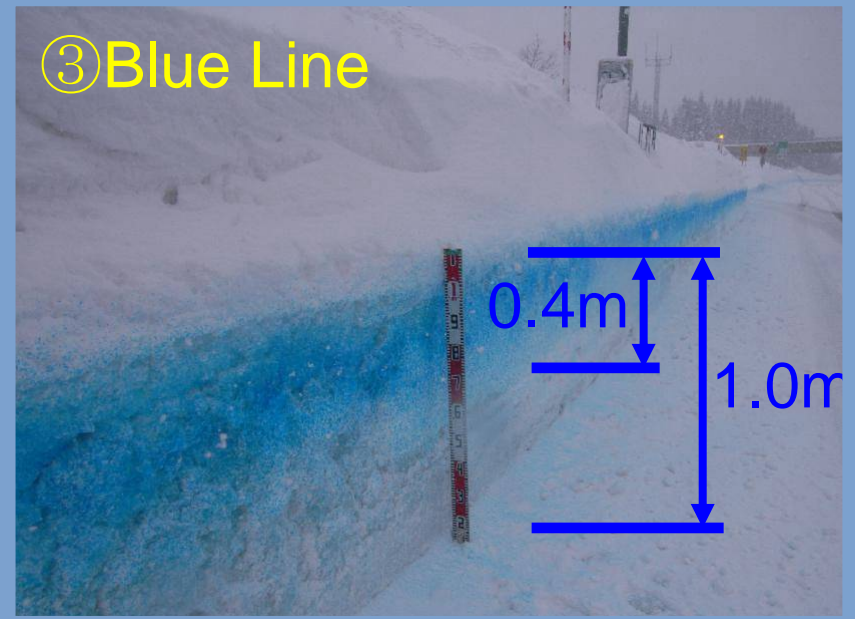


Solar-cell battery type

② Visual guidance flags



③ Blue Line



SELF-LUMINOUS DELINEATORS (ELECTRICALLY-POWERED)

◆ LED system (light emitting diode)



Lead driver to the left curve



◆ Incandescent lamp



- Set up in the area where impaired visibility is a frequent occurrence

Height of delineators	Shoulder : 1.2m (from road surface) Median strip : 1.6m (----- " -----)
Distance between delineators	About less than 50m (depends on radius of curvature)

- The cost is expensive, about \$4,000 for 1 delineator.

SELF-LUMINOUS DELINEATORS (SOLAR CELL TYPE)



◆ Installation situation

- **Cost for 1 delineator**

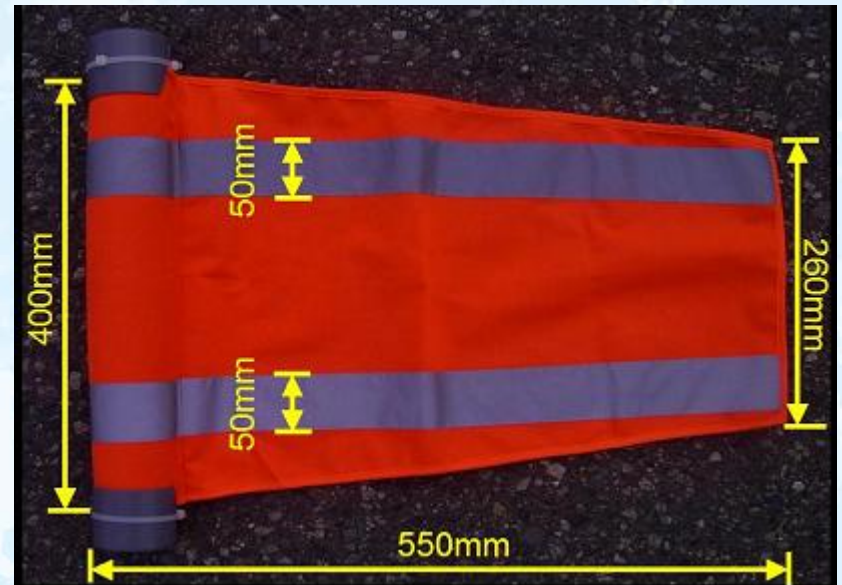
[**electrically powered type : solar cell type = \$4,000 : \$90**]

- It's possible to being fixed easily by a metal band(to existing snow poles.)

Height of Delineators	About 2.0m (from road surface)
Distance between Delineators	100m (as a test)

- The brightness are inferior to electrically-powered lights

VISUAL GUIDANCE FLAGS



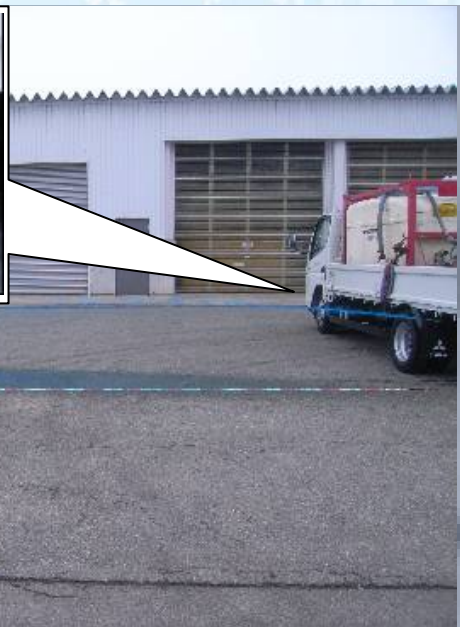
- The flag having reflector (it reflect the headlight)
- Fluttering provide visual guidance
- It can prevent snow sticking by fluttering.
- Set up on existing snow pole



Height of Flags	2.8m (from road surface)
Distance between flags	50m

THE BLUE - LINE

◆ Spraying the Blue Line



The BLUE-LINE = water + pigment (1000 : 1.5)

- Mixed liquid is harmless to living creatures and the environment.

Height of Blue Line (Top)	About 1.0m (from road surface)
Width of Line	30cm ~ 40cm

- Driver assistant can control to spray in cabin.
- It needs enough snow bank to spray Blue Line.
- It's possible to spray Blue Line at 20m/Liter.

MOVIE OF SPRAYING THE BLUE-LINE

Working at 60 km/h

Verificaiton of effect to improve visual environment

• How degree can driver recognize visual guidance facilities in poor visual environment?

– (1) Questionnaires to frequent users

- Self-luminous delineators
(electricity-powered type, Solar cell type)
- Visual guidance flags
- Blue Line

– (2) Fixed-point observation by video camera

- Self-luminous delineators
(electricity-powered type : Incandescent lamps)

THE RESULT OF QUESTIONNAIRS [DELINEATORS]

- The electrically-powered delineators were given the highest evaluation
- The emitting light stimulate driver's visibility
⇒ showing indication of the alignment of the road
- The regularly-spaced blinking remains as an afterimage

**The worse visual environment become,
the bigger effect of setting**

- Solar cell-powered self-luminous delineators do not give off as strong a light as the electrically-powered ones
 - Increasing the brightness of the light (Improving function of solar cell-powered type)
 - Placing them closer together (each 100m in present situation)

**Furthermore, we need to improve the function
and verify method to set up**

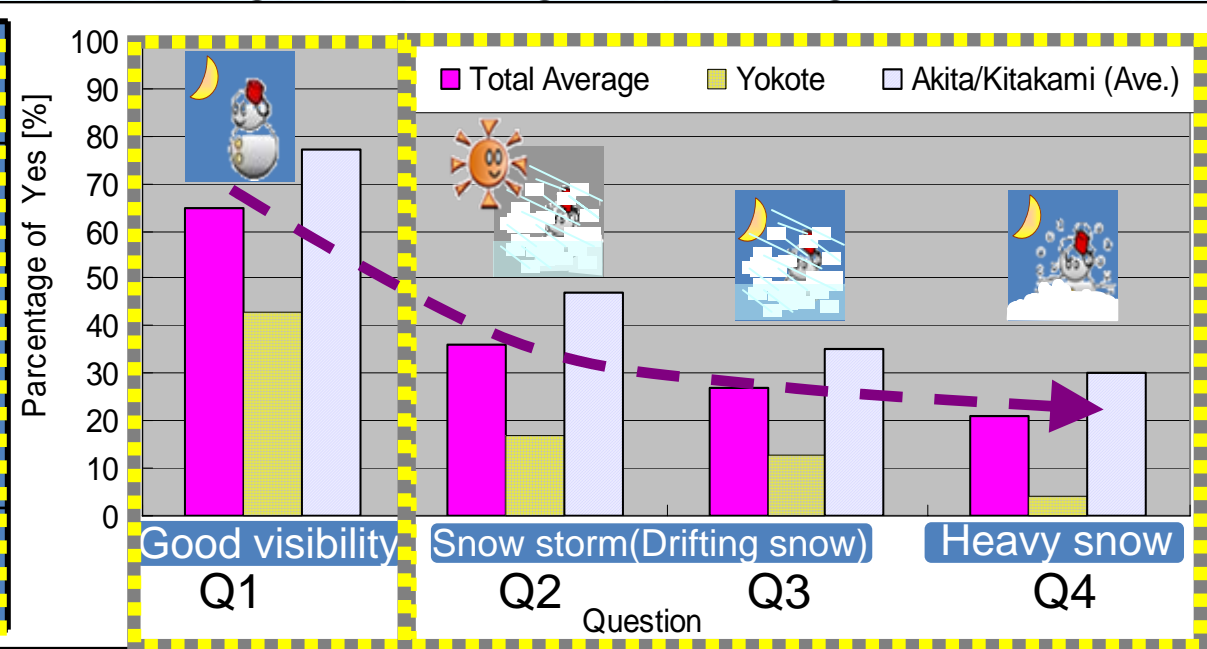
When visibility is good, there is a case that driver feel dazzle.
So, we need to verify carefully.

THE RESULT OF QUESTIONNAIRES [VISUAL GUIDANCE FLAGS]

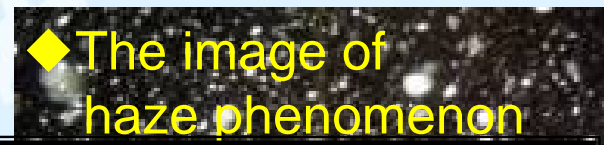
◆ Differences in the visibility of visual guidance flags depending on area

Is there effective visual guidance in the following situations?

Q1	When <u>night</u> time visibility 'Good'.
Q2	When <u>daytime</u> visibility is 'Poor' due to <u>snow storm</u> .
Q3	When <u>night</u> time visibility is 'Poor' due to <u>snow storm</u> .
Q4	When <u>night</u> time visibility is 'Poor' due to <u>heavy snow fall</u> .



- Flag has good effect of visual guidance even when visual environment is bad
- As the visual environment deteriorated, the number



The height of setting up flag is ***too high***, 2.8m.
 ⇒ Set up flags ***lower and continually***, in the area that they are ***not buried*** by snow bank growing

(from flash of camera)

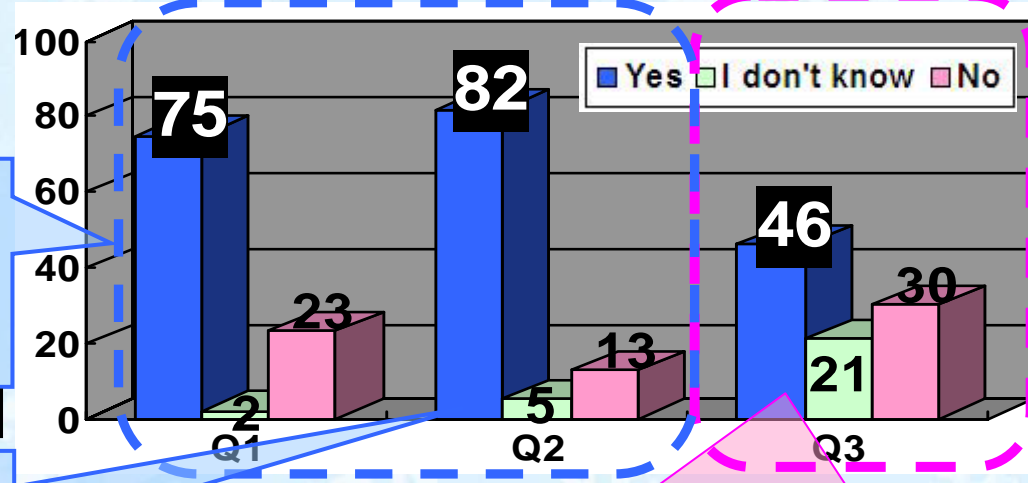
THE RESULT OF QUESTIONNAIRES [THE BLUE-LINE]

Answer the following questions under a driving situation that is visibly problem due to snow storm and heavy snowfalls

Q1 The band of blue color on the snow bank can be seen even when the field of vision is poor

【**Yes 75%**, (43people/57people)】

Q2 The reason is that the shoulder can be seen by the Blue-line 【**Yes 82%**, (46people/56people)】



Q3 Blue line can help driver at night time in poor visibility 【**Yes 46%** (26/57people)】

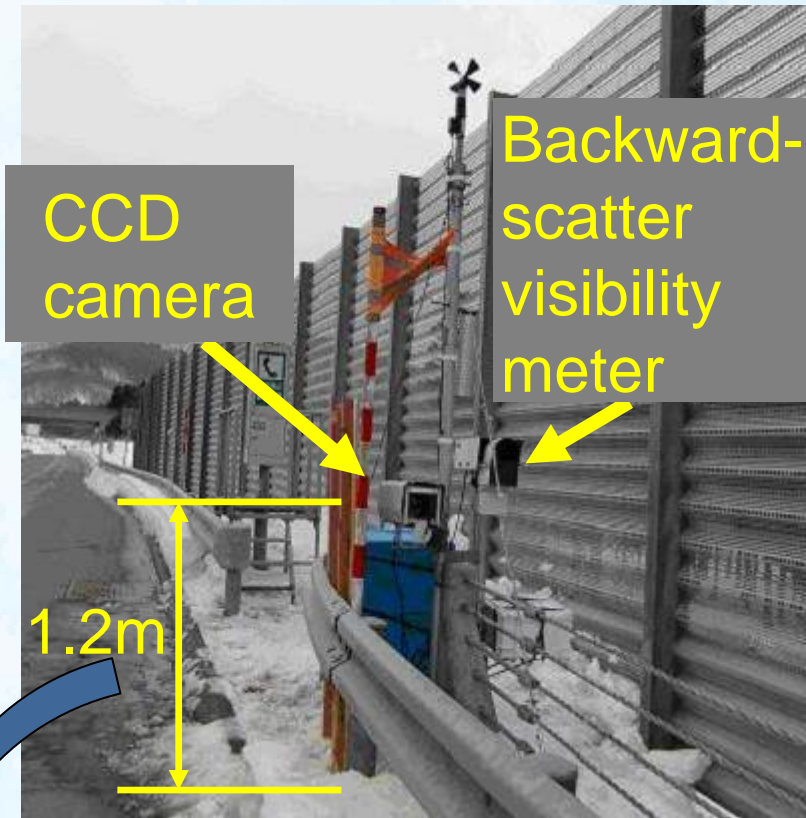
- Good height location ⇒ 【**YES 91%** (50/55people)】
- Good width ⇒ 【**YES 83%** (45/54people), No thin 17%】

The displaced snow covers onto the sprayed surface ,
the Blue Line can no longer be seen.

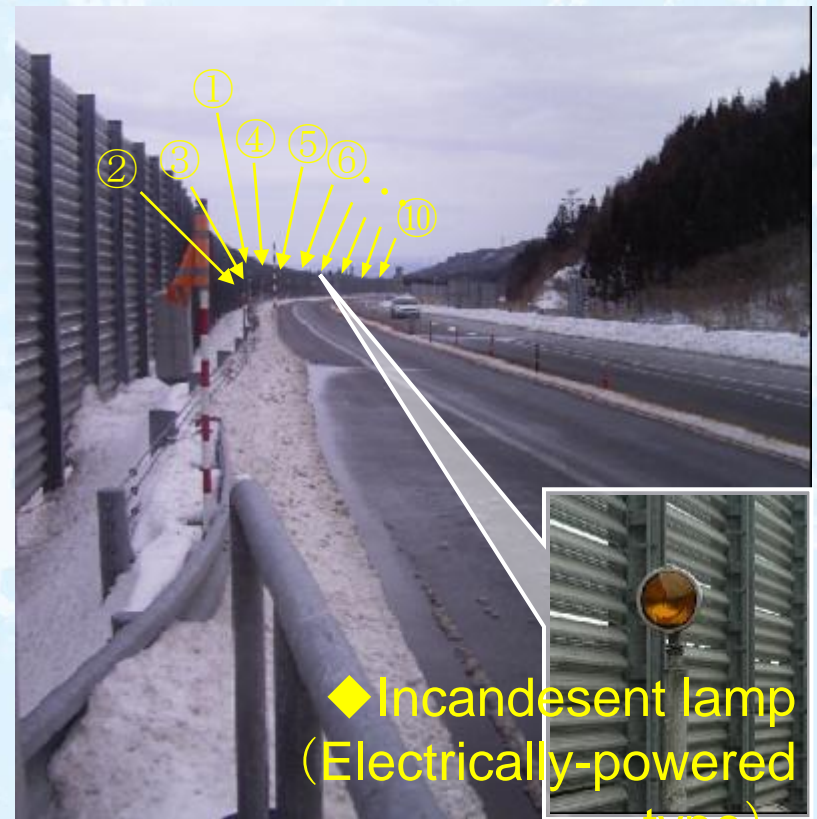


Durability and visibility at night time are problems

INVESTIGATION OF HOW ARE SELF-LUMINOUS DELINEATORS SEEN



◆ Observation equipment in position

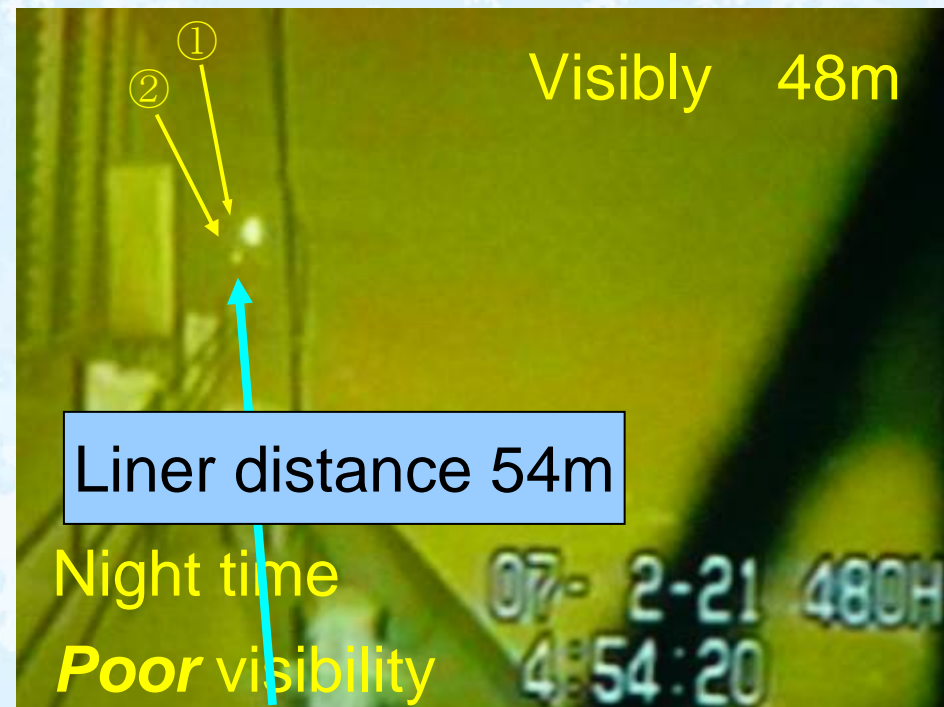
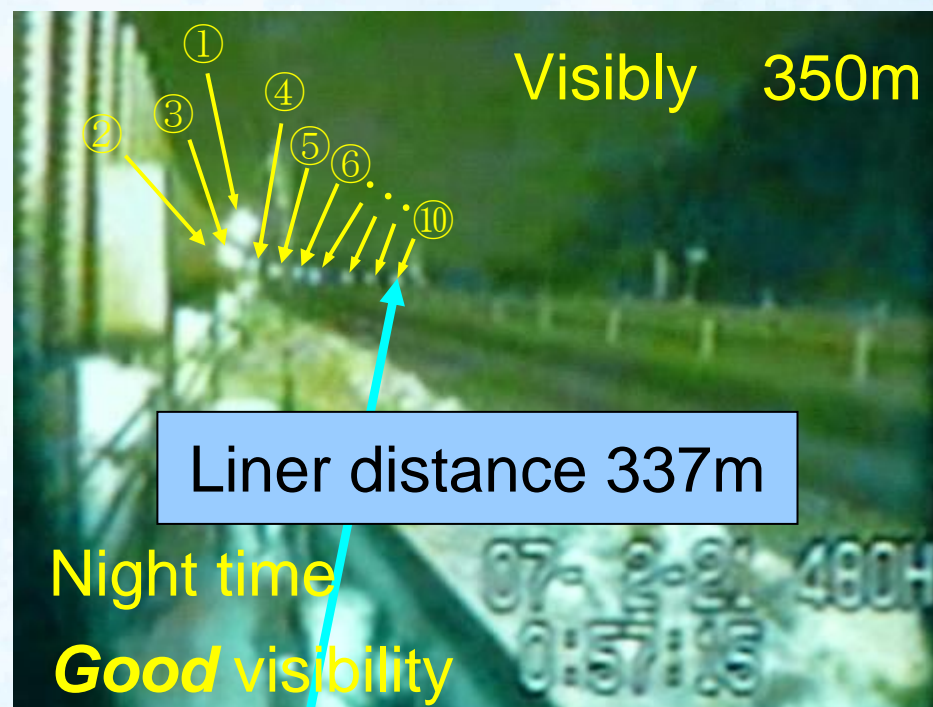


◆ Viewpoint of Camera (by digital camera)
⇒ There are 10 delineators.

1.2m was decided from viewpoint of ordinary motorcar

Investigation term : 1 month
(From Feb to March in 2008)

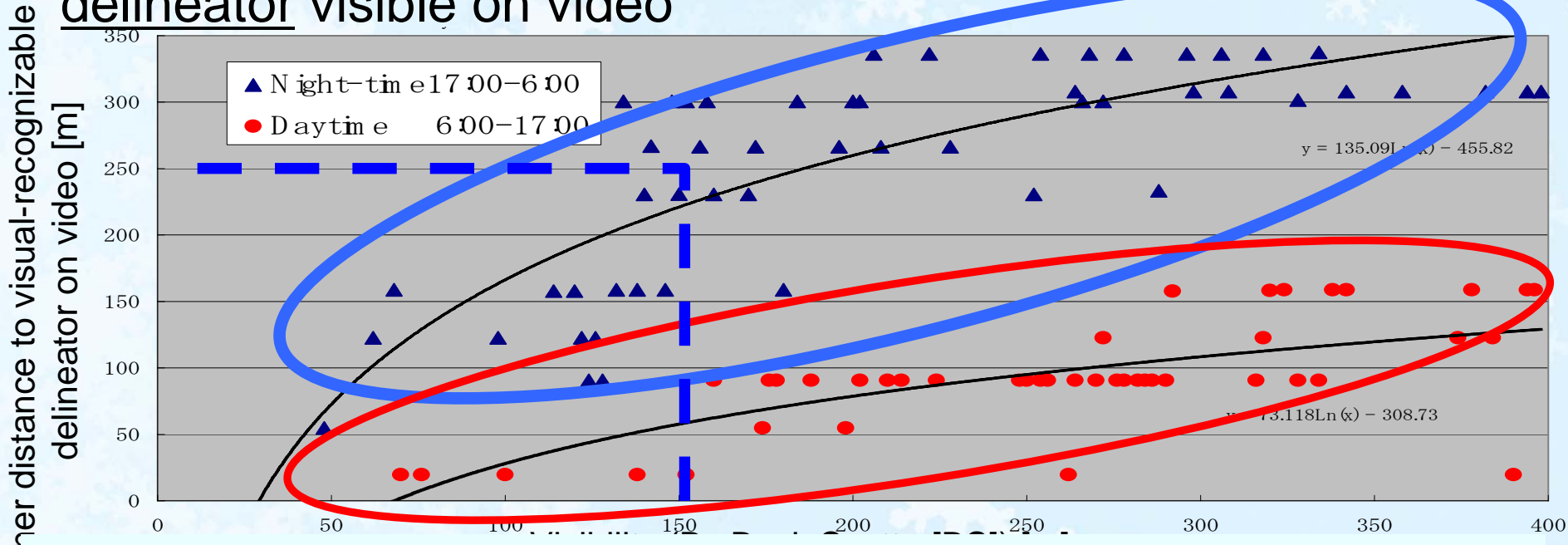
INVESTIGATION OF HOW ARE SELF-LUMINOUS DELINEATORS SEEN



- When visibility is **good**, we can recognize **10** delineators.
⇒ (The liner distance to 10th delineator is 337m from camera)
- When visibility is **poor**, we can recognize **only 2** delineators
⇒ (The liner distance to 2nd delineator is 54m)

DELINEATORS WHICH CAN BE SEEN FROM CAMERA

◆ Visibility and the linear distance to the farthest self-luminous delineator visible on video



• ***During the daytime***, the distance of visible delineator reduce to half (due to the bright surroundings.)

⇒ Because of the greater contrast in light intensity between the lights and their surroundings.

– ***The delineator is able to support driving even when poor visibility such as snowstorms.***

CONCLUSION

◆ Effect of visibly problem measures

Kind	Suitable place	Feature	Bad point
Self-luminous delineator (Electrically-powered)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An area which has much visual problem • Heavy traffic & Importance of road 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Easy to remain as an impression 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expensive for 1 delineator
Self-luminous delineator (Solar cell type)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low price • Set up easily 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brightness is a little bit low
Visual guidance flag	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An area which has visual problem due to <u>snowstorm</u> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protect from sticking snow 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The color is getting worse after years
Blue-Line	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Heavy snowfalls</u> area • An area where <u>Whiteout</u> occurrence 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Show the location of shoulder 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Durability • Visibility during night time

*We need to **choose the best measure** which is **suitable** for snowfalls, frequency of snowfall, wind, structure of road and size of snow bank.*

Thank you so much for listening my presentation.

◆ Cost of visual guidance facilities.

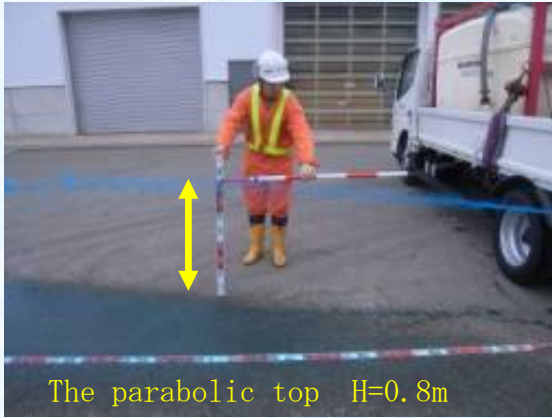
- Self-luminous delineator (electrically-powered ; LED type)
 - Construction extension : 2,700 m
 - Number of installations : 67 lights
 - Construction cost : \$ 26 million

} \$ 9.7 million / km
\$ 390 thousand / light
(Installation interval : 40m)
- Self-luminous delineator (solar cell powered ; LED type)
 - The cost of materials : \$ 65 / light

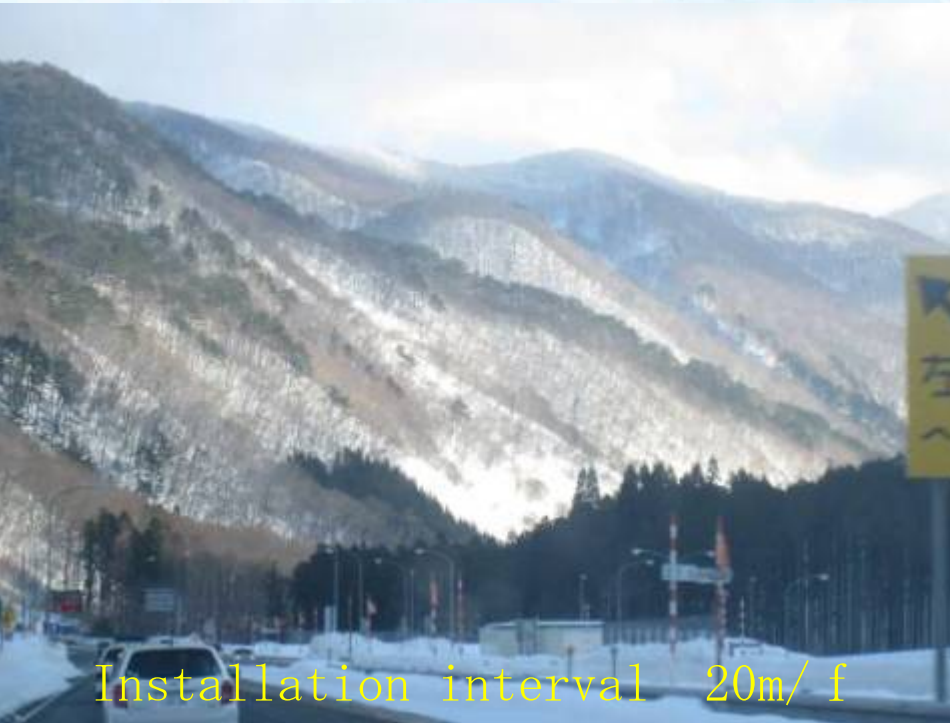
} \$ 1800 / km (Installation interval : 50m)
\$ 90 / light
- Visual guidance flag
 - The cost of materials : \$ 46 / flag

\$ 920 / km
(Installation interval : 50m)
(only one side is set up)
- Blue Line
 - The cost of coloring materials : \$ 60 / 3Liter (= 2,000mixed liquid = 40km)
 - The cost of work(3 workers, etc.):\$100/one time of work (= 40km/one time)
\$160 / one time = \$40 / km
 - The lease charge of work machine : \$ 900 / 3months
(2t truck + power sprayer) [Initial cost] [An initial cost is excluded.]

◆ Work specification of blue line



◆ Installation comparisons of visual guidance flag



Installation interval 20m/ f
lag



Installation interval 20m/旗
poor visibility



Usual height of
installation $h=2.8\text{m}$



$h=2.0\text{m}$



$h=1.5\text{m}$

Whiteout

