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SUSTAINABLE WINTER SERVICE FOR ROAD USERS

Advanced Snow and Ice Control Measures for Hokkaido's Expressways

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Introduction

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1 Background to the Development Ring Expressway around Sapporo

- Population 1.9 million
- average total yearly snowfall 630cm.
 average temperature in February -3.5°C
- Daily traffic volume 40,000 congestion in the morning and evening
- continuous elevated highway approx.20km
- Snow cannot be cleared from the expressway and piled below the



2 Purpose of the Development

An attempt to improve snow and ice control

Provision of information to support decisions-making in snow and ice operations

Road Image Distribution System Information on road surface conditions, weather conditions, traffic conditions

Snowfall Amount Web System

Prediction of coming snowfall condition to current snowfall condition



3-1 Road Image Distribution System How the system works

- Mounted on snow and ice patrol vehicles dispatched every 3~4 hours
- Conditions in the field are transmitted in real time via the Internet, in the form of still images
- Viewed by the road administrator making decisions regarding snow and ice operations



3-2 Road Image Distribution System Equipment

- Miniature Web camera, GPS receiver, control computer, mobile phone communication module
- Video image→Still image: image processing to produce a clear still image

The miniature Web camera is mounted permanently behind the rearview mirror



Originally a digital video camera was used



4-1 Snowfall Amount Web System Effectiveness

Snowfall measured

Previously : Watching measured every 3 to 4 hours

Data cannot be put to effective use in snow and ice control decision-making.

Snowfall Amount Web System :Measured automatically at 10 min intervals and transmitted over the Web.

Quantitative data can be put to effective use as an aid to decisionmaking for the implementation of efficient snow and ice control.





Viewable over the Web at the Road Control Center

4-2 Snowfall Amount Web System Method of Display



5-1 a Effectiveness of the Systems Mobilization in response to weather conditions

- February 17th : Decision-making using the Snowfall amount Web System
 - Previously : Decision-making reliant on the ITV cameras: no grasp of actual snowfall intensity

Early mobilization as soon as snow starts to fall

Snowfall Amount Web System :Snowfall of 1cm/10 min. confirmed at 8:20am

Information can be used to mobilize extra patrol vehicles.



5-1 b Effectiveness of the Systems Multi-vehicle snow removal

 February 17th : Decision-making using the Road Image Distribution System Previously :Need for repeated radio communication Road Image Distribution System :Decision-making at a glance
 Decision made to implement snow removal operations after the rush hour.

avoid the congestion that accompanies snow removal operations





5-2 a Effectiveness of the Systems Criteria for snow transportation and disposal

Snow transportation and disposal : Huge cost : should be kept to a minimum Causes road closure if operations are delayed



- Criterion: snowfall totaling 30 cm after disposal of snowbank
- February 5th : Use of total snowfall data
 Total recorded snowfall of roughly 40 over 4 days exceeds the criterion



5-2 b Effectiveness of the Systems Decision-making using the Road Image Distribution System

Snow transportation and disposal required on 10th February
 Daily viewing of a sequence of images enables decision-making
 Used to establish order of priority for snow transportation and
 disposal and to implement more confident, planned decision-making

Date	February 5th, 2009	February 7th, 2009	February 10th, 2009
Bank	Small scale	Medium scale	Large scale
Deci- sion	No need	required in 4-6 days' time	required urgently
	Total snowfall 0cm	Total snowfall 20cm	Total snowfall 40cm
Road image			宮の沢高架橋 上り線 #14.

6 Next Initiatives Expressway bus

- Sapporo Asahikawa expressway bus service every 30 minutes
 Mount the Road Image Distribution System on the buses
- Weather consultants improve accuracy in weather forecasting
- Road administrator gets up to date information for lower cost



7 Summary: Future Directions

Present

- Until now, decisions in snow and ice control have been made on the basis of verbal messages from patrol staff, qualitative data from fixed ITV cameras, etc.
- (2) From now on, decision-making will also include quantitative data: continuous, real-time road images taken along the road, snowfall measured at 10 minute intervals, etc.
- (3) Decisions in snow and ice control can be made with greater confidence and planning.

Future

(1) <u>Sharing of the information used to make decisions in snow and ice</u> <u>control by the patrol staff and road administrator</u> makes possible more efficient, more effective use of snow removal operations and other hard measures.

(2) In the future there will be an accumulation of data on local road conditions and snowfall and on operations; and it will be possible to analyze the data and use them to make more efficient projections for snow and ice control.

Thank you for your kind attention.

